

The total number of tigers (>1.5 years of age) estimated in India in 2014 was 2226 (1945 to 2491)

State	Tiger Population		
	2006	2010	2014
Shivalik-Gangetic Plain Landscape Complex			
Uttarakhand	178 (161-195)	227 (199-256)	340
Uttar Pradesh	109 (91-127)	118 (113-124)	117
Bihar	10 (7-13)	8 (-)	28
Shivalik-Gangetic	297 (259-335)	353 (320-388)	485(427-543)
Central Indian Landscape Complex and Eastern Ghats Landscape Complex			
Andhra Pradesh (Including Telengana)	95 (84-107)	72 (65-79)	68
Chhattisgarh	26 (23-28)	26 (24-27)	46
Madhya Pradesh	300 (236-364)	257 (213-301)	308*
Maharashtra	103 (76-131)	169 (155-183)	190
Odisha	45 (37-53)	32 (20-44)	28
Rajasthan	32 (30-35)	36 (35-37)	45
Jharkhand	-	10 (6-14)	3+
Central India	601 (486-718)	601 (518-685)	688(596-780)
Western Ghats Landscape Complex			
Karnataka	290 (241-339)	300 (280-320)	406
Kerala	46 (39-53)	71 (67-75)	136
Tamil Nadu	76 (56-95)	163 (153-173)	229
Goa	-	-	5
Western Ghats	402 (336-487)	534 (500-568)	776(685-861)
North Eastern Hills and Brahmaputra Flood Plains			
Assam	70 (60-80)	143 (113-173)	167
Arunachal Pradesh	14 (12-18)	-	28*
Mizoram	6 (4-8)	5	3+
Northern West Bengal	10 (8-12)	-	3
North East Hills, and Brahmaputra	100 (84-118)	148 (118-178)	201 (174-212)
Sunderbans	-	70 (64-90)	76 (62-96)
TOTAL	1,411 (1,165-1,657)	1,706 (1,520-1,909)	2226(1945-2491)

* Likely to be revised as sampling is ongoing in the state

+ From scat DNA

* From camera trap data and scat DNA

Table 2 : Estimated tiger numbers for States and landscapes in 2014 in India compared to earlier estimates reported for 2006 and 2010.